BATHROOM TRANSFER TECHNOLOGIES:

How can occupational therapy be involved?



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OVERVIEW

Goal for audience

- Reflection of current OT practice for addressing transfer impairments at the environmental level
- OTs as great source of knowledge for design and development of products and technologies for older adults and their caregivers
- OT's changing role with technology evolution

Goal for presenters

- Your knowledge, thoughts, expertise
- Building sustainable network for knowledge exchange with designers, engineers, researchers

IMPORTANCE OF TOILETING & TRANSFERRING

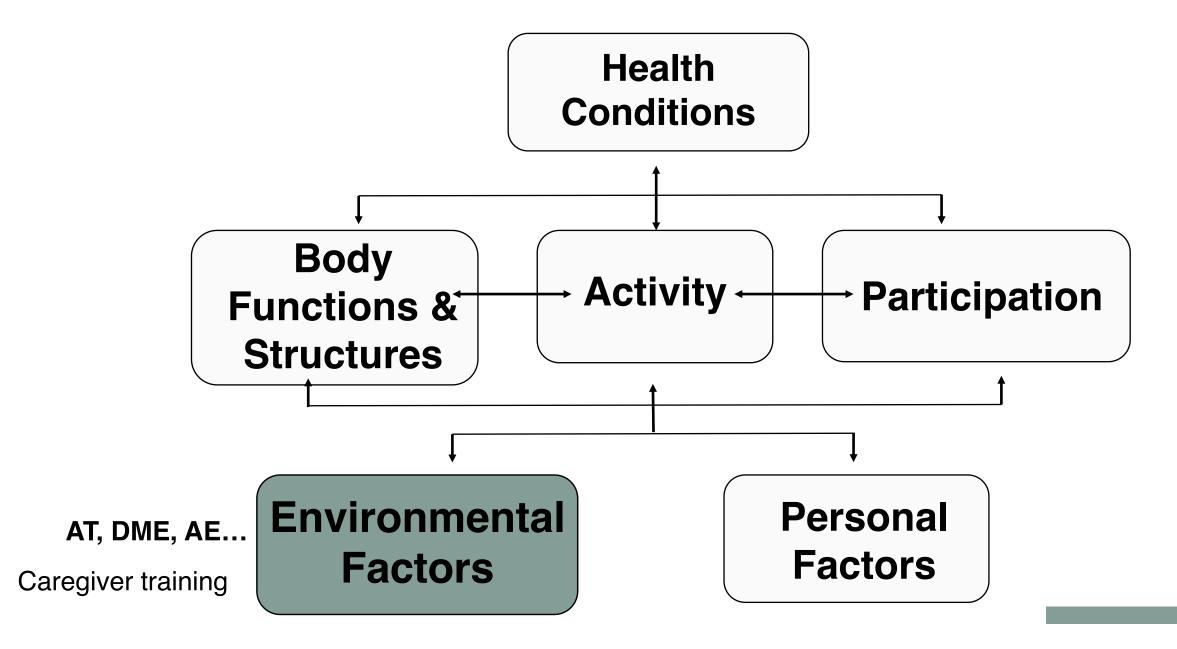
Toileting & Transfer disability as predictors of quality of life subsequent disability in other areas of life caregiver burden institutionalization death

OVERARCHING PROBLEM

Transfers remain one of the most physically demanding ADL, even despite best practices

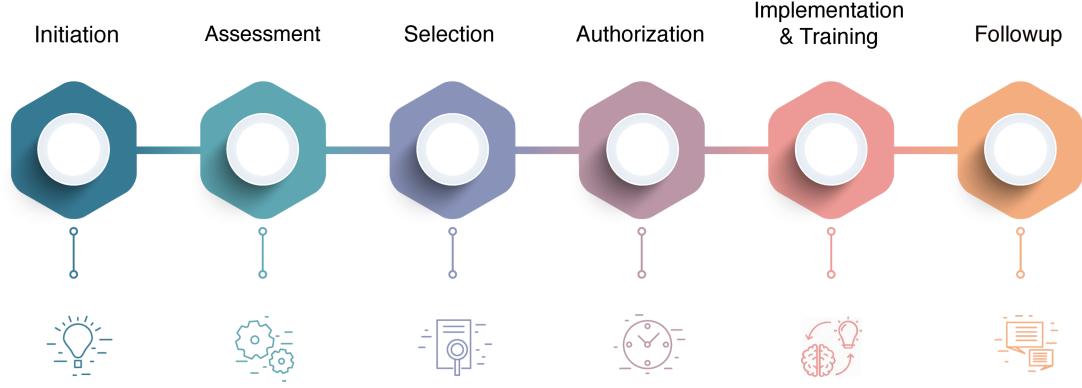
 4.4 million persons receive hands-on assistance in at least one ADL.

 More than 800,000 persons report unmet need and/or dissatisfaction in at least one ADL, even despite having caregiver and/or AT support.



Common OT involvement in current Environmental solutions process

Involvement in developing new/improved products, technology, services for unmet needs?



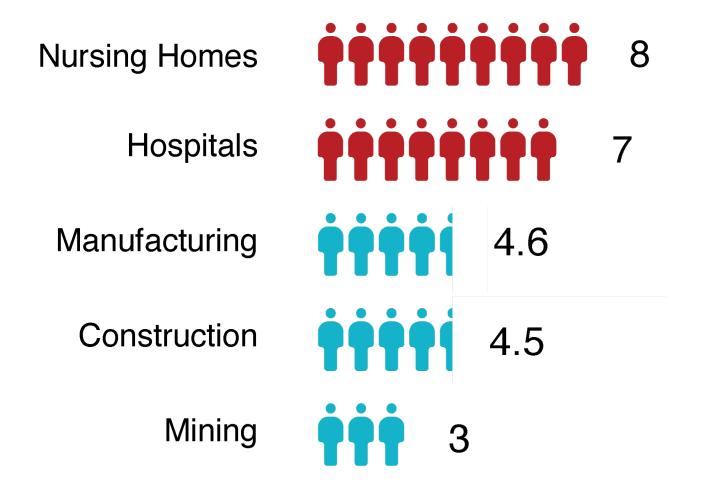
PROBLEM #2

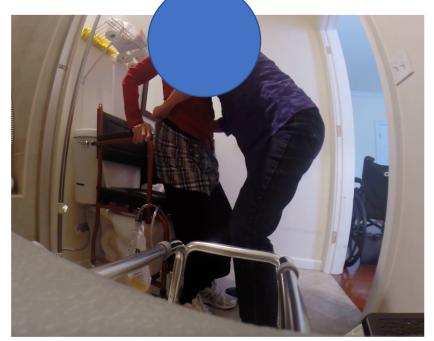
Person-centric interventions do not address caregiver needs

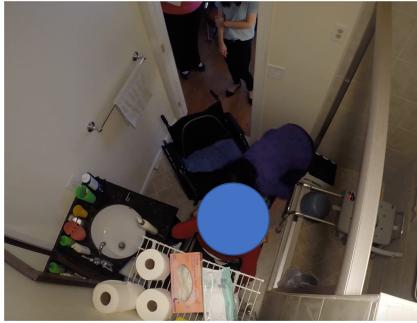
...We can't assume fully capable caregivers — they are aging, frail, in need of support themselves.

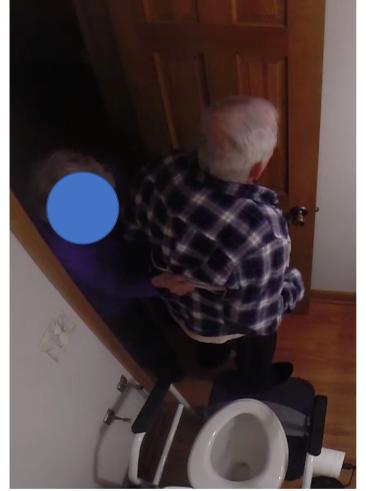
Incidence rates of nonfatal injuries by industry

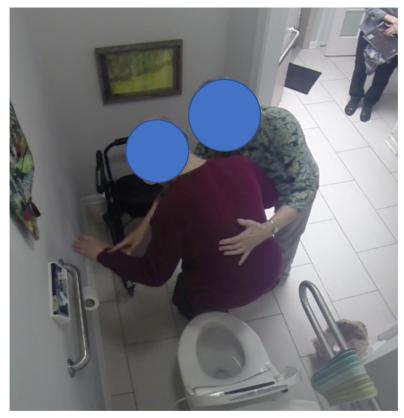
(per 100 workers)

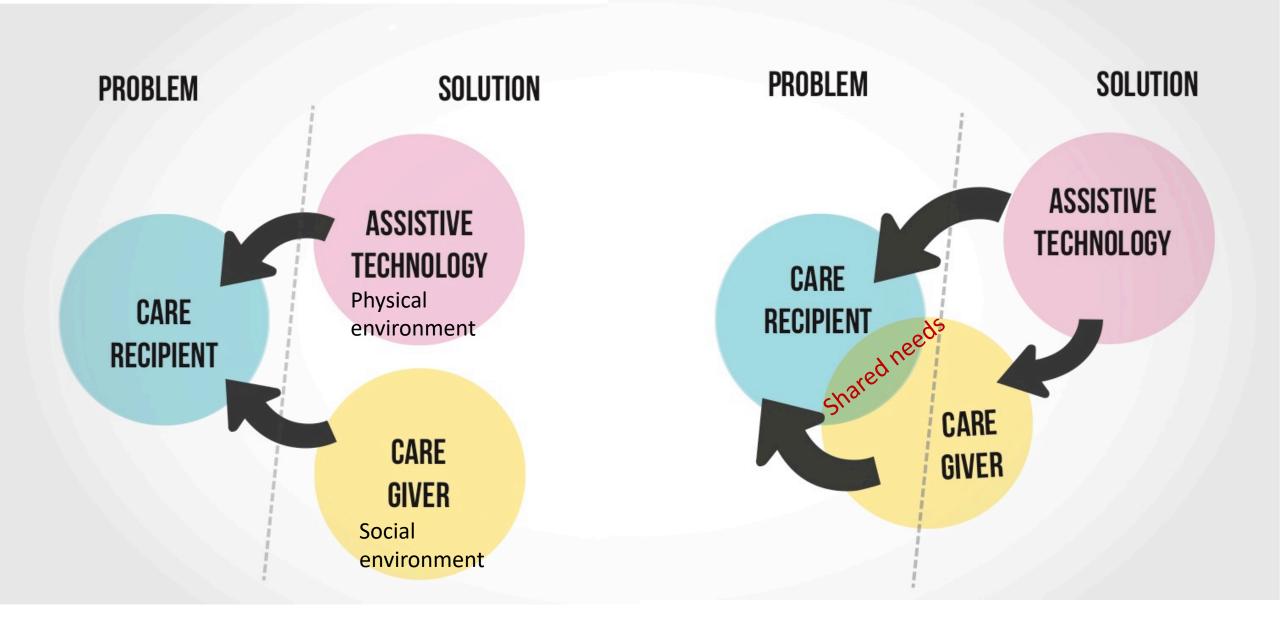












Caregiver Care recipient Health Health **Conditions Conditions** Partici-Partici-BF&S -Activity - Activity -BF&S pation pation Own Own **Personal Personal Shared Environ-Environ-Factors Factors Environment** mental mental al Factors factors factors

PROBLEM #3

No evidence on effectiveness of existing solutions on caregivers/dyad

EVIDENCE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL INTERVENTIONS FOR TOILET TRANSFERS

Author	Intervention			
Randomized control trial				
Gitlin et al, 2006	Multicomponent home intervention			
Wilson et al., 2009	AT, HM			
Petersson et al., 2008	HM			
Sanford et al., 2006	AT, EM			
Mann et al., 1999	AT,EM			
Quasi-experimental single group				
Gitlin, Miller, Boyce, 1999	OT bathroom modification			
Stark, 2009	Tailored HM			
Fange & Iwarsson, 2005	OT HM			

*defined as "with the exclusion of supportive person".

FIM motor score range: 13-91

Authors (Year), Study type	Interve ntion	Outcome measure	Population (N)	Mean FIM Motor Score(SD) Baseline	Mean FIM Motor Score(SD): Post
Mann et al (1999), RCT	AT, EM	Maintaining independence* Home care costs reduction	Frail elderly (104)	74.1(14.2) 5.7	71.5(16.2) 18 months
Wilson et al (2009), RCT	AT, EM	Functional decline	People aging with disability (91)	78.5(13.0) 6.03	79.2(12.1) 12 months 77.1(13.4) 24 months
Sanford & Griffiths, RCT	AT, EM	Caregiving outcomes (safety, physical burden) Self-efficacy and subjective well-being	Aging veterans AND family caregiver (100+)	Toilet transfer FIM: 1-5	

PROBLEM #4

Functional solutions are often not compatible with or integrated into the context of use (home)



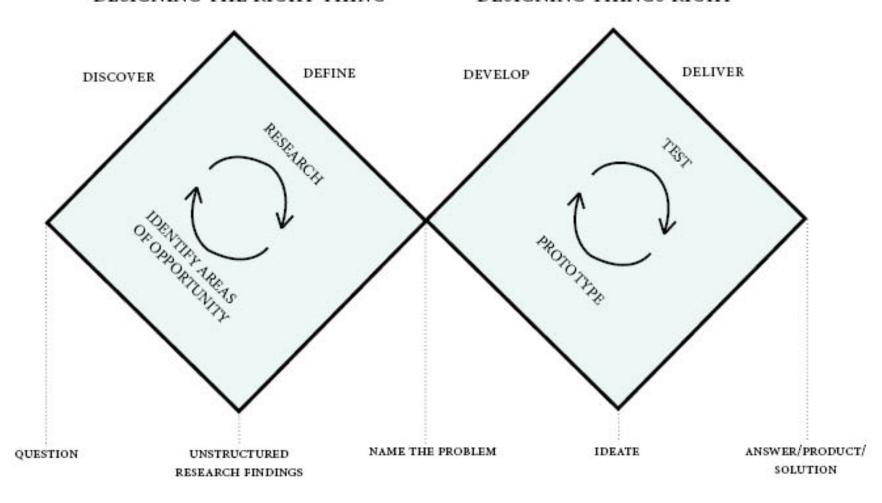




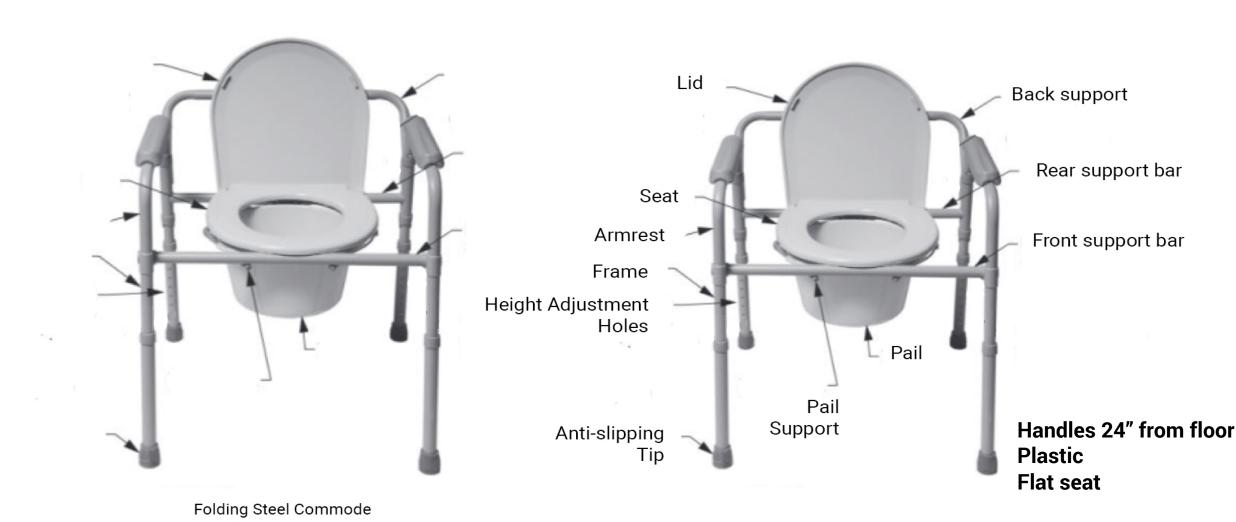
WHY / HOW DOES DESIGN PLAY A ROLE?

DESIGNING THE RIGHT THING

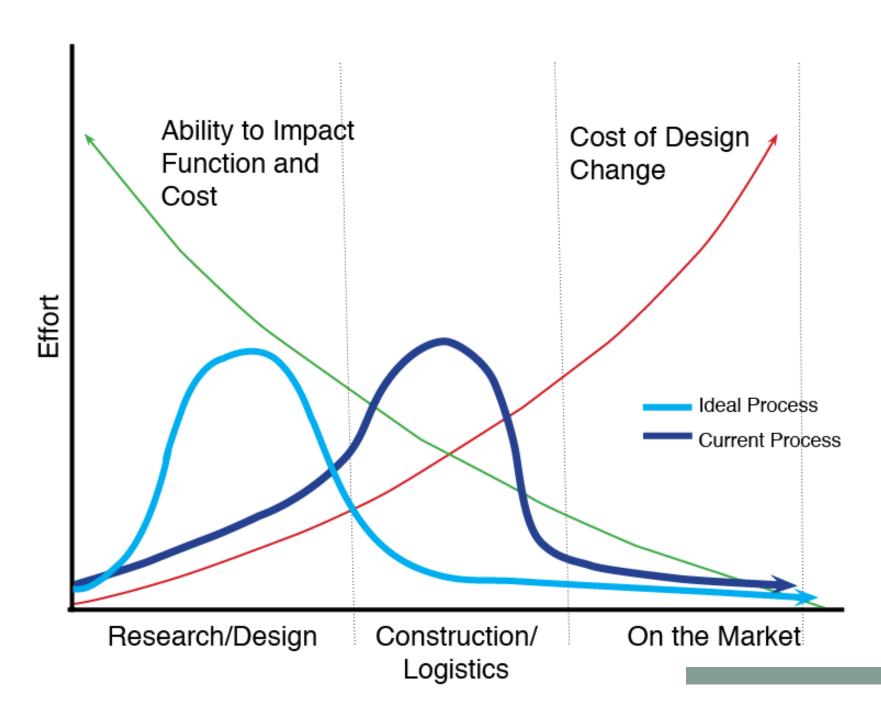
DESIGNING THINGS RIGHT



COMMODE ISN'T A COMMODE ISN'T A COMMODE...



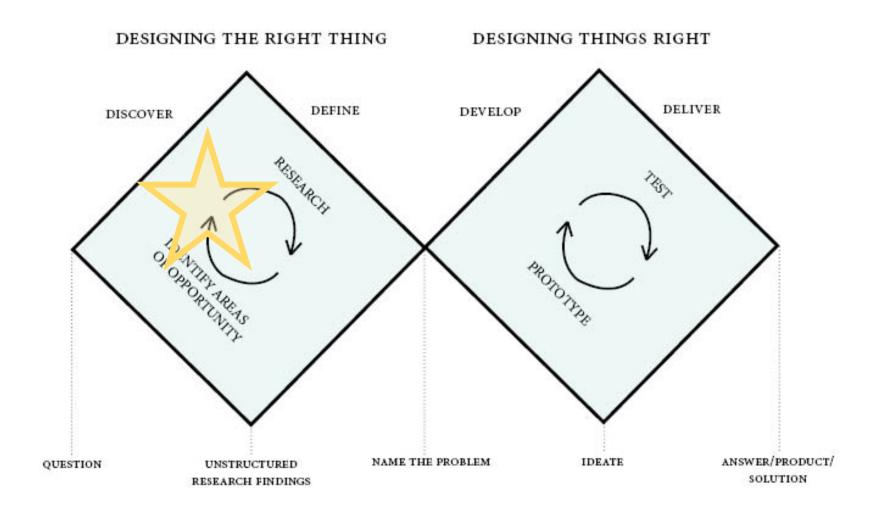
CHALLENGES OF IDEAL DESIGN PROCESS



BARRIERS TO DEVELOPING BETTER TOOLS



WE ARE HERE



DEVELOPING A METHODOLOGY TO DOCUMENT AND ASSESS:

- 1) Features of a product/environment
- 2) Users' interaction with features of products and environments to establish capability demands placed upon the user
- 3) Effect of environment on performance

HOW WE'RE COLLECTING INFORMATION

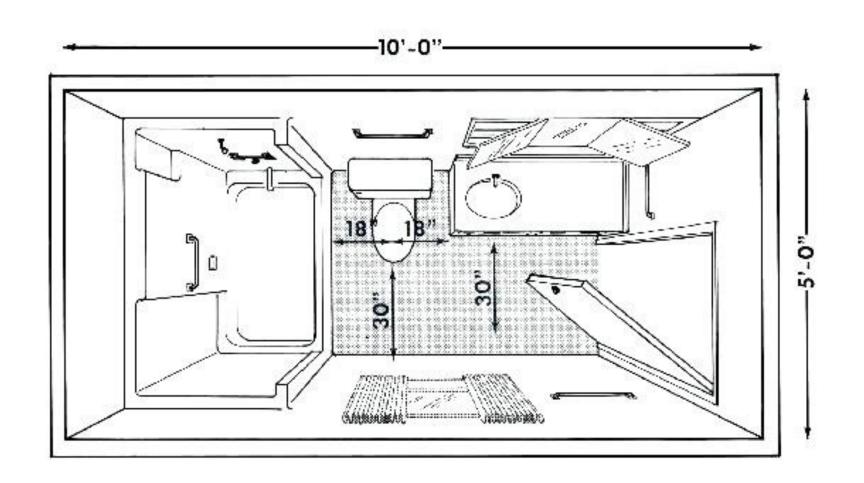








HOW DO THEY INTERACT WITH THE ENVIRONMENT?



Interaction with space and other objects around

Interaction with user ability

HEARD FROM THE COMMUNITY

- Products recommended on just one thread for ALS caregivers:
 - Hoyer Lift (3 ft of clearance around toilet)
 - Lift to shower chair with cut-out that can roll over toilet
 - Overhead Lift
 - Freestanding Lift
 - Sit-to-stand Lift
 - Handheld Urinal
 - Bedside Commode
 - Hygiene Sling

WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO DESIGN FOR THE RIGHT AUDIENCE?





SMALL DESIGN CHANGES, BIG DIFFERENCES



NAMING THE GAP Mas Difficulty Use Uses devices **ATD** Unmet but Need report no difficulty Get help but report no difficulty Adapted from Agree & Freedman, 2003

HOW DO PEOPLE CHOOSE?







"not disabled enough"

And end up using beyond its point of max. utility

WHAT OTHER FACTORS PLAY INTO WHAT PEOPLE CHOOSE?





A FEW WAYS PRODUCTS AVAILABLE FALL SHORT





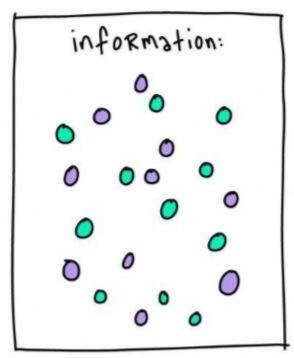


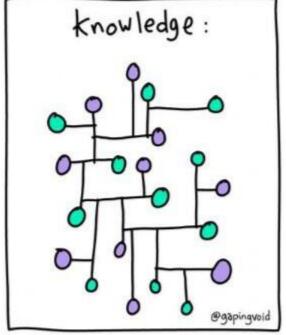
YOU ARE SUBJECT-MATTER EXPERTS!

OT "owns" toileting

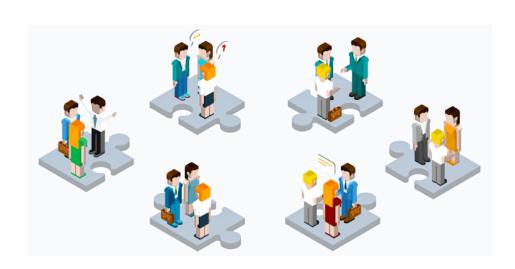
Enhancing and enabling participation in habits, routines

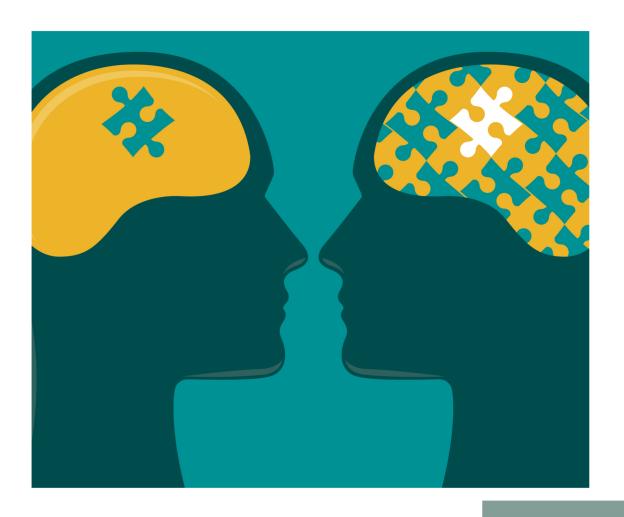
Highly personal; functional, necessary, and meaningful activity





WE WANT YOUR THOUGHTS!





THANK YOU LET'S STAY IN TOUCH!

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